

QD

① Find r and 7th term:

a) $16, 8, 4, \dots$ $\boxed{r = \frac{1}{2}}$

$$* U_n = U_1 (r)^{n-1}$$

$$U_7 = 16 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6$$

$$= 16 \left(\frac{1}{64}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

b) $-4, 12, -36, \dots$

$$\boxed{r = -3}$$

$$U_7 = -4(-3)^6$$

$$= \boxed{-2916}$$

c) $1, 10, 100, \dots$

$$r = 10$$

$$U_7 = 1(10)^6$$

$$= \boxed{1,000,000}$$

d) $25, 10, 4$

$$\boxed{r = \frac{2}{5}}$$

$$U_7 = 25 \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^6$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{64}{625}}$$

e) $2, 6x, 18x^2$

$$\boxed{r = 3x}$$

$$U_7 = 2(3x)^6$$

$$= \boxed{1450x^6}$$

f) $a^7b, a^6b^2, a^5b^3, \dots$

$$\boxed{r = \frac{b}{a}}$$

$$U_7 = a^7b \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^6$$

$$= \frac{a^7b b^6}{a^6}$$

$$= \boxed{ab^7}$$

6E

① $u_2 = 50$

$u_5 = 3.2$

$$u_2(r)^3 = u_5$$

$$50 r^3 = 3.2$$

$$r^3 = \frac{3.2}{50}$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{3.2}{50}}$$

$r = .4$

② $u_3 = -18$

$u_6 = 144$

$$u_3(r^3) = u_6$$

$$-18(r^3) = 144$$

$$r^3 = \frac{144}{-18}$$

$$r^3 = -8$$

$r = -2$

③

a) $16, 24, 36, \dots$

$$r = \frac{24}{16} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$1000 < 16\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{1000}{16} < \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$\log_{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{1000}{16}\right) < \log_{\frac{3}{2}}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$10.199 < n-1$$

$$11.199 < n$$

12

b)

$1, 2.4, 5.76$

$$r = 2.4$$

$$1000 < 1(2.4)^{n-1}$$

$$1000 < 2.4^{n-1}$$

$$\log_{2.4} 1000 < \log_{2.4} 2.4^{n-1}$$

$$7.89 < n-1$$

$$8.89 < n$$

9

c) $112, -168, 252, \dots$

$$r = -1.5$$

$$1000 < 112(-1.5)^{n-1}$$

$$8.93 < (-1.5)^{n-1}$$

↑

neg #, can't use log so
use calculator table

17 is the first
value that works

d) $30, 55, 60.5, \dots$

$$r = \frac{11}{10}$$

$$1000 < 30\left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$20 < \left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^{n-1}$$

$$20 < 1.1^{n-1}$$

$$\log_{1.1} 20 < \log_{1.1} 1.1^{n-1}$$

$$31.4 < n-1$$

$$32.4 < n$$

33

$$\textcircled{4} \quad u_1 = 9$$

$$u_3 = 144$$

$$u_1(r)^2 = u_3$$

$$9r^2 = 144$$

$$r^2 = \frac{144}{9}$$

$$r = \pm \frac{12}{3}$$

$$\boxed{r = \pm 4}$$

$$\text{If } r = 4$$

$$u_2 = 9(4) = \boxed{36}$$

$$\text{If } r = -4$$

$$u_2 = 9(-4) = \boxed{-36}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 18, p, 40.5$$

$$u_1(r^2) = u_3$$

$$18r^2 = 40.5$$

$$r^2 = \frac{40.5}{18}$$

$$r = \pm 1.5$$

$$\text{If } r = 1.5$$

$$p = 18(1.5) = \boxed{27}$$

$$\text{If } r = -1.5$$

$$p = 18(-1.5) = \boxed{-27}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 7x-2, 4x+4, 3x$$

$$r = \frac{4x+4}{7x-2} \quad \text{and} \quad r = \frac{3x}{4x+4}$$

$$\frac{4x+4}{7x-2} = \frac{3x}{4x+4}$$

$$3x(7x-2) = (4x+4)(4x+4)$$

$$\rightarrow 21x^2 - 6x = 16x^2 + 32x + 16$$

$$5x^2 - 38x - 16 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{38 \pm \sqrt{38^2 - 4(5)(-16)}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{38 \pm \sqrt{1764}}{10}$$

$$x = \frac{38 \pm 42}{10}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 8 \\ x = -.4 \end{cases}$$